

1948

Out-of-the-Ordinary Bulbs

OAKHURST GARDENS

345 West Colorado Street
ARCADIA, CALIFORNIA

... FALL 1946 ...



LACHENALIA AUREA (See Page 26)



BILBERGIA RUBRO-CYANEA (See Page 11)

(Bilbergia continued)

barred transversely with gray. Flower bracts are blood-red and the flowers dark blue. Seems to be always in bloom. A grand house plant. \$1.50.

DIPTACHIA. Foliage heavily spotted cream. The tall flower spikes appear very early in the Spring. Bracts rose-pink, flowers green and blue. 50c.

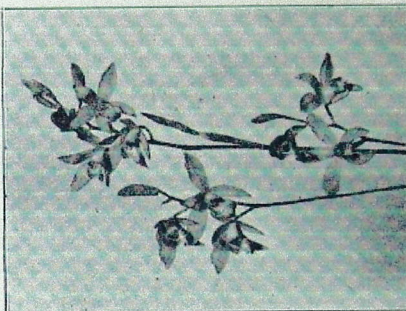
NUTANS. Dark green foliage, pink bracts, green and purple flowers. Blooms in Winter. Very popular 50c.

NUTANS X ALBERTI. Same habit as nutans, but the plant and flower much larger with deep rose bracts. Excellent for cutting. \$2.00.

RUBRO-CYANEA. A cross between the rare B. sandariana and B. nutans. Foliage spotted white on green or bronze ground. \$1.50.

SPECIOSA X NUTANS. A prolific grower suitable for wire baskets. The foliage is attractive, the bracts pink, and the pendulous flowers yellowish. Summer blooming. \$1.00.

THYRSIFLORA. Bright scarlet flower bracts and purple-blue flowers. Erect inflorescence and Summer blooming. \$1.50.



BLETILLA HYACINTHINA

Bletilla

Hardy Orchid

Attractive Chinese orchids that are terrestrial and may be grown in any light soil conditioned with peat and leafmould. They are hardy and may be planted in any situation in the garden. They enjoy an annual top dressing of well rotted manure. Their habit of growth resembles that of the Lily-of-the-Valley. Delivery October to January.

HYACINTHINA. Rosy purple flowers numbering 6 to 12 on 14-inch stems in early Spring. Excellent for cutting and useful in corsages. 75c.

HYACINTHINA ALBA. A beautiful white variety with pinkish cast. 75c.

Brodiaea

Bulbs native to the Pacific coast bearing several slender leaves near the ground and stiff slender stems bearing heads of attractive flowers of great lasting quality when cut. They are hardy and naturalize readily when allowed to do so. Plant in full sun or partial shade. Fine for the rock garden. Plant about 4 inches deep. Delivery late Summer and Fall.

CALIFORNICA. A fine species and one of the largest. Stems 1 1/2 feet tall bearing loose heads of 10 to 20 flowers of a beautiful rose-purple color. The spreading spatulate bracts are 1 1/2 to 2 inches long and the same in width. Blooms in late Spring. \$1.00 doz.

CORONARIA. Aptly called Harvest Brodiaea because it blooms at harvest time in the hay fields. Pretty, bright violet-blue flowers are borne in a rather loose head of 6 to 15 on a stiff slender stem about 18 inches tall. The spreading, funnel-shaped blossoms are about 1 inch across and the same in length. Blooms in late Spring. \$1.00 doz.

EASTWOODI. Umbels of pure white flowers on tall, graceful spikes. Fine for cutting. \$1.50 doz.

LAXA. "Thurber's spear." Large cluster or umbel of bluish violet flowers on a 2-foot stem. General appearance comparable to an Agapanthus flower. Blooms in Spring. Likes partial shade. \$1.00 doz.

Camassia

Native California bulbs that are perfectly hardy anywhere and will thrive either under ordinary garden conditions or in the bog garden. They should be planted in groups of 12 to 100 and 2 to 4 inches apart, and may be left in the same spot for years. Plant 3 inches deep and water liberally till after they have finished blooming. Delivery September to November. \$1.50 doz.

LICHTLINI BLUE. About 75 flowers on a 4-foot stem, blooming in succession for a long period of time. The flowers are star-shaped and as much as 1 1/2 inches across. The colors are different shades of lavender blue.

LICHTLINI WHITE. Same as the above variety, except that the color varies from cream to white.

QUAMASH. Deep blue flower on 2-foot stems. Very easy to grow and ideal for naturalizing.